

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
District of New Jersey

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

Case Number 12-3121(PS)

SOMDUTH SOBORUN

Defendant.

JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE
(For Offenses Committed On or After November 1, 1987)

The defendant, SOMDUTH SOBORUN, was represented by Nicholas R. Doria, Esq..

The defendant pled guilty to One Count(s) of the INFORMATION on September 7, 2012. Accordingly, the court has adjudicated that the defendant is guilty of the following offense(s):


<u>Title & Section</u>	<u>Nature of Offense</u>	<u>Date of Offense</u>	<u>Count Number(s)</u>
29 USC § 215(a)(2)	Failure to Pay Minimum Hourly Wages	12/24/08-8/4/09	1

As pronounced on 11/26/12, the defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 2 of this Judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.

It is ordered that the defendant shall pay to the United States a special assessment of \$5.00, for count(s) 1, which shall be due immediately. Said special assessment shall be made payable to the Clerk, U.S. District Court.

It is further ordered that the defendant shall notify the United States Attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this Judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, the defendant shall notify the court and United States Attorney of any material change in the defendant's economic circumstances.

Signed this the 29th day of November, 2012.


PATTY SHWARTZ
United States Magistrate Judge

Defendant: SOMDUTH SOBORUN
Case Number: 12-3121(PS)

FINE

The defendant shall pay a fine of \$5,000.00.

This fine, plus any interest pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f)(1), is due immediately and shall be paid in full within 30 days of sentencing.

The Court waives the interest requirement.

Restitution in the amount of \$24,153.04 was paid before sentencing to the victim C.V.

If the fine is not paid, the court may sentence the defendant to any sentence which might have been originally imposed. See 18 U.S.C. § 3614.

Unless the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.

Payments shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) fine principal, (5) community restitution, (6) fine interest, (7) penalties, and (8) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.